

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

**MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF
C.A.F.E. LIMITED**

(As amended by Special Resolution passed on the 11th day of May 1996)

1. The name of the company is **C.A.F.E. Limited.**
2. (1) The objects for which the Company is established are to promote the study and improve the understanding of arts as defined in the Arts Acts 1951 and 1973.
 - (2)
 - (i) With a view to the attainment of the above charitable objects to exercise the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (ii) to (xxi).
 - (ii) To further develop and promote all aspects of the cultural life of the community and in particular to set up a network of creative organisations and individual for that purpose. To maintain a centre where people can learn and practice all aspects of the arts by means of workshops and performances, to provide facilities for the encouragement of creative activities, to organise exhibitions or works of art, to maintain a performance theatre, to operate a film society, to publish creative writing, to produce films and video programmes. To engage instructors, co-ordinators, directors, producers, artists, actors and actresses in connection with or for any of the purposes aforesaid. To acquire and exploit the journalistic literary dramatic artistic and creative works of any person anywhere in the world. To enter into any arrangement or contract with any person firm or company for carrying on the whole or any part of the business of this Company and to fix and determine the remuneration which may be by way of money payment or otherwise.
 - (iii) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authorities supreme municipal local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights privileges and concessions which the Company thinks it desirable to obtain and to carry out exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions. To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage, enfranchise, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any of the property and in the rights of the Company.
 - (iv) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit and in particular for shares debentures or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
 - (v) To make draw accept endorse issue discount and otherwise deal with promissory notes bills of exchange cheques letters of credit circular notes and other mercantile instruments.
 - (vi) To acquire by purchase, exchange, lease, fee farm grant or otherwise either for an estate in fee simple or for any less estate or other estate or interest, whether immediate or reversionary and whether vested or contingent any lands tenements or hereditaments or any tenure, whether subject or not to any

charges or encumbrances and to hold and farm and work or manage or to sell, let, alienate, mortgage, lease or charge land, house property, shops, flats, maisonettes, reversions, interests, annuities, life policies and any other property real or personal, moveable or immovable, either absolutely or conditionally and either subject to or not to any mortgage, charge, ground rent or other rents or encumbrances, and to pay for any lands, tenements hereditaments or assets acquired by the Company in cash or debentures or obligations of the Company, whether fully paid or otherwise or in any other manner.

- (vii) To undertake the office of trustee, executor, administrator, committee, manager, secretary, registrar, attorney delegate, substitute or treasurer and any other offices or situations of trust or confidence and to perform and discharge the duties and functions incident thereto and generally to transact all kinds of trust and agency business either gratuitously or otherwise.
- (viii) To guarantee, support or secure, whether by personal covenant or by mortgaging or charging all or any part of the undertakings property and assets (present and future) of the Company or all such methods the performance of the obligations of and the repayment or payment of the principal amounts and interest of any person, firm or company or the dividends or interest of any securities including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) any company which is the Company's holding company or a subsidiary or associated company.
- (ix) To carry on any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above.
- (x) To purchase or otherwise acquire and carry on the whole or any part of the business, property, goodwill and assets of any company carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which the Company is authorised to carry on or which can be conveniently carried on in connection with the same or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company and as part of the consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such company or to acquire an interest therein.
- (xi) To accumulate capital for the main purposes of the Company and to appropriate any of the Company's assets to specific purposes either conditionally or unconditionally.
- (xii) To apply for and obtain legislative municipal or other acts or authorisations for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect or for any extensions or alteration of its powers or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution or for any other purposes which may seem expedient and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interest.
- (xiii) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority supreme municipal local or otherwise or company and to obtain from any such government authority or company any charters, contracts, decrees, rights, privileges and concessions, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements charters contracts decrees rights privileges and concessions.
- (xiv) To raise or borrow money and to secure the payment of money by the issue of or upon debentures or debenture stock, perpetual, terminable or otherwise, or bonds or other obligations, charged or not charged upon or by mortgage,

charge, hypothecation, lien or pledge of the whole or any part of the undertaking, property, assets and rights of the Company both present and future and generally in such other manner and on such terms as may seem expedient and to issue any of the Company's securities for such consideration and on such terms as may be thought fit including the power to pay a proportion of the profits of the Company by way of interest on any money so raised or borrowed and also by similar mortgage, charge, hypothecation, lien or pledge to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake and to redeem or pay off any such securities.

- (xv) To create, maintain, invest and deal with any reserve or sinking funds for redemption of obligations of the Company or for depreciation of works or stock or any other purpose of the Company.
- (xvi) To grant pensions, gratuities, allowances or charitable aid to any person who may have served the Company or to the wives, children or other relatives of such person and to make payments towards insurance and to form and contribute to provident and benefit funds for the benefit of any persons employed by the Company to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable objects.
- (xvii) To subscribe or guarantee money for any national charitable benevolent public general or useful object or for any exhibition.
- (xviii) To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any foreign country, colony dependency or place.
- (xix) To pay all or any expenses of incidental to or incurred in connection with the formation and incorporation of the Company and the raising of its loan capital or to contract with any person or company to pay the same and to pay commissions to brokers and others for underwriting placing selling or guaranteeing the subscription of any debentures or securities of the Company.
- (xx) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world and as principals agents contractors trustees or otherwise and either by or through trustees agents sub-contractors or otherwise and either alone or in partnership or conjunction with any person or company and to contract for the carrying on of any operation connected with the Company's business by any person or company.
- (xxi) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the main objects.

AND it is hereby declared that in the construction of this clause the word "company" except where used in reference to this Company shall be deemed to include any person or partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated and whether domiciled in Ireland or elsewhere and words denoting the singular number only shall include the plural number and vice versa and the intention is that the objects specified in each paragraph of this clause shall except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph be in no way restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph or the name of the Company.

- 3. The liability of the members is limited.
- 4. Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company in the event of its being wound up while he is a member or within one year afterwards for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted before

he ceases to be a member and the costs charges and expenses of winding up and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves such amount as may be required not exceeding One Pound.

5. The income of the company, whencesoever derived, shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the main objects of the company as set forth in this Memorandum of Association and no proportion thereof shall be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise howsoever by way of profit to the members of the company. Provided that nothing herein shall prevent the payment, in good faith, of reasonable and proper remuneration to any officer or servant of the company, or to any member of the company, in return for any services actually rendered to the company, nor prevent the payment of interest at a rate not exceeding five per cent per annum on money lent or reasonable and proper rent for premises demised or let by any member to the company; but so that no director of the company shall be appointed to any salaried office of the company or any office of the company paid by fees and that no remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth shall be given by the company to any director, except repayment of out-of-pocket expenses and interest at the rate aforesaid on money lent or reasonable and proper rent for premises demised or let to the company: provided that the provision last aforesaid shall not apply to any payment to any company of which a director may be a member, and in which such member shall not hold more than one-hundredth part of the capital, and such member shall not be bound to account for any share of profits (s)he may receive in respect of any such payment.
6. If upon the winding up or dissolution of the Company there remains after the satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, any property whatsoever, the same shall not be paid to or distributed among the members of the Company but shall be given or transferred to some other charitable institution or institutions having main objects similar to the main objects of the Company and shall prohibit the distribution of its or their income and property among its or their members to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Company under or by virtue of Clause 5 hereof, such institution or institutions to be determined by the members of the Company at or before the time of dissolution, and if and so far as effect cannot be given to such provisions, then to some charitable object.
7. The Company shall maintain full and proper accounts of all its activities in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Acts 1963-1990 including without limitation the preparation of annual accounts for audit by the auditors duly appointed by the Company. The Company undertakes to furnish a copy of such accounts to the Revenue Commissioners as and when finalised. Any change in the Memorandum of Association of the Company shall not be undertaken without the prior written consent of the Office of the Revenue Commissioners.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS

Pierre Van Osselar, 1 Riverside Court, Queen's Park, Monkstown, Co Dublin. - Organisation Development Consultant.

Peter Sheridan, 2 Ardilaun Road, Ballybough, Dublin 3 - Community Arts Worker, Playwright.

Grace Perrot, 9 Corrig Ave, Dunlaoghaire, Co Dublin - Arts Administrator.

Colum Breslin, 17 Parnell Street, Waterford - Community Arts Worker.

Patricia Harrington, Roseleigh, Woolhara Park, Douglas Road, Cork - Arts Administrator.

Sandy Fitzgerald, 49 Crampton Buildings, Dublin 2 - Administrator.

Annie Kilmartin, 156 Rialto Cottages, Dublin 8 - Community Worker.

Dated the 1st day of November 1986

Witness to the above signatures:

Name: JAMES HICKEY
Address: 20 Fitzwilliam Square
Dublin 2
SOLICITOR

COMPANIES ACTS, 1963 TO 1990
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
-OF-
C.A.F.E. LIMITED

(As amended by Special Resolution passed on the 11th day of May 1996)

INTERPRETATION

1. In these Articles:-

"the Act" means the Companies Act, 1963 (No. 33 of 1963);

"the directors" means the directors for the time being of the company or the directors present at a meeting of the board of directors and includes any person occupying the position of director by whatever name called;

"secretary" means any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company;

"the seal" means the common seal of the company;

"the registered office" means the registered office for the time being of the company.

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography, and any other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the contrary intention appears, words or expressions contained in these articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these articles became binding on the company.

MEMBERS

2. The number of members with which the company is registered is 12, but the directors may from time to time register an increase in members.

3. The subscribers to the Memorandum of Association and such other persons as the directors of the company shall admit to membership of the company shall be members of the company.

GENERAL MEETINGS

4. All general meetings of the company shall be held in the State.

5. (i) Subject to paragraph (ii), the company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; and not more than 15 months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next.

(ii) So long as the company holds its first annual general meeting within 18 months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. Subject to Article 4, the annual general meeting shall be held at such time and at such place in the State as the directors shall appoint.

6. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
7. The directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisitionists, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitions as provided by Section 132 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the State sufficient directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any director or any two members of the company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the directors.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

8. Subject to Sections 133 and 141 of the Act, an annual general meeting and a meeting called for the passing of a special resolution shall be called by 21 days' notice in writing at the least, and a meeting of the company (other than an annual general meeting of a meeting for the passing of a special resolution) shall be called by 14 days notice in writing at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of the meeting and, in the case of special business, the general nature of that business and shall be given, in manner hereinafter mentioned, to such persons as are, under the articles of the company, entitled to receive such notices from the company.
9. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceeding at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

10. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting with the exception of consideration of the accounts, balance sheets and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election of directors in the place of those retiring, the re-appointment of the retiring auditors, and the fixing of the remuneration of the auditors.
11. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; save as herein otherwise provided, three members present in person shall be a quorum.
12. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present shall be a quorum.

13. The chairperson, if any, of the board of directors shall preside as chairperson at every general meeting of the company, or if there is no such chairperson, or if he is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.
14. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.
15. The chairperson may with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall, if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
16. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded:
 - (a) by the chairperson; or
 - (b) by at least three members present in person or by proxy; or
 - (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

Unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of the company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

17. Except as provided in Article 19, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairperson directs and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
18. Where there is an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairperson of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.
19. A poll demanded on the election of a chairperson, or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the chairperson of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.

20. Subject to Section 141 of the Act, a resolution in writing signed by all the members for the time being entitled to attend and vote on such resolution at a general meeting (or being bodies corporate by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective for all purposes as if the resolution had been passed at a general meeting of the company duly convened and held, and if described as a special resolution shall be deemed to be a special resolution within the meaning of the Act.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

21. Every member shall have one vote.
22. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his/her committee, receiver, guardian, or other person appointed by that Court, and any such committee, receiver, guardian, or other person may vote by proxy on a show of hands or on a poll.
23. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all moneys immediately payable by him/her to the company have been paid.
24. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairperson of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
25. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy.
26. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his/her attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointer is a body corporate, either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. A proxy need not be a member of the company.
27. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the office or at such other place within the State as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting not less than forty eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

28. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances permit:

CAFE Limited

'I/WE, of in the County of, being a member/members of the above named company, hereby appoint of or failing him/her, of as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the (annual or extraordinary, as the case may be) general meeting of the company to be held on the day of 19 and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this day of 19 .

This form is to be used *against/in favour of the resolution. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit. (*Strike out whichever is not desired).

29. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
30. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, if no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation as aforesaid is received by the company at the office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

BODIES CORPORATE ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS

31. Any body corporate which is a member of the company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as that body corporate could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

DIRECTORS

32. (i) The number of the directors and the names of the first directors of the Company shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association or a majority of them.

BORROWING POWERS

33. The directors may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking and property or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or of any third party.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

34. The business of the company shall be managed by the directors who may pay all expenses incurred in promoting and registering the company, and may exercise all such powers of the company as are not by the Act or by these articles required to be exercised by the company in general meeting, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles and to such directions being not inconsistent with the aforesaid provisions, as may be given by the company in general meeting: but no direction given by the company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that direction had not been given.
35. The directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney appoint any company, firm or person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the directors under these articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him/her.
36. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person or persons and in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.
37. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:
 - (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors;
 - (b) of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committee of the directors;
 - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, and of the directors and of committees of directors.
38. The office of director shall be vacated if the director:
 - (a) is adjudged bankrupt in the State or in Northern Ireland or Great Britain or makes any arrangement or composition with his/her creditors generally, or
 - (b) becomes prohibited from being a director by reason of any order made Under Section 184 of the Act, or
 - (c) becomes of unsound mind, or
 - (d) resigns his/her office by notice in writing to the company, or
 - (e) is convicted of an indictable offence unless the directors otherwise determine, or
 - (f) if he is directly or indirectly interested in any contract with the company and fails to declare the nature of this interest in the manner required by Section 194 of the Act.

VOTING ON CONTRACTS

39. A director may vote in respect of any contract in which he is interested or any matter arising thereout.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

40. At the first annual general meeting of the company next to be held by the Company, all the directors shall retire from office and at the annual general meeting in every subsequent year one third of the directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one third, shall retire from office.
41. The directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since the last election, but as between persons who became directors on the same day, those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree amongst themselves) be determined by lot.
42. A retiring director shall be eligible for re-election.
43. The company, at the meeting at which a director retires in manner aforesaid, may fill the vacated office by electing a person thereto, and in default the retiring director shall, if offering him/herself for re-election, be deemed to have been re-elected, unless at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill such vacated office or unless a resolution for the re-election of such director has been put to the meeting and lost.
44. No person other than a director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the directors be eligible for election to the office of director at any general meeting unless, not less than three nor more than twenty one days before the date appointed for the meeting, there has been left at the office notice in writing, signed by a member duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given, of his/her intention to propose such a person for election, and also notice in writing signed by that person of his/her willingness to be elected.
45. The company may from time to time by ordinary resolution increase or reduce the number of directors and may also determine in what rotation the increased or reduced number is to go out of office.
46. The directors shall have power at any time, and from time to time to appoint any person to be a director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing directors but so that the total number of directors shall not at any time exceed the number fixed in accordance with these articles. Any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.
47. The company may by ordinary resolution of which extended notice has been given in accordance with Section 142 of the Act remove any director before the expiration of his/her period of office, notwithstanding anything in these articles or in any agreement between the company and such director. Such removal shall be without

prejudice to any claim such director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him/her and the company.

48. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under Article 48. Without prejudice to the powers of the directors under Article 47, the company in general meeting may appoint any person to be a director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional director. A person appointed in place of a director so removed or to fill such a vacancy shall be subject to retirement at the same time as if he had become a director on the day on which the director in whose place he is appointed was last elected director.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

49. The directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. Where there is an equality of votes, the chairperson shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time summon a meeting of the directors. If the directors so resolve it shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of the directors to any director who being resident in the State is for the time being absent from the State.
50. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors, and unless so fixed shall be three.
51. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their number but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the articles of the company as the necessary quorum of directors, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that number or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
52. The directors may elect a chairperson of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but, if no such chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.
53. The directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of the board as they think fit; any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the directors.
54. A committee may elect a chairperson of its meetings; if no such chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the members present may choose one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.
55. A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and when there is an equality of votes, the chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.

56. All acts done by any meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by any person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it is afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.
57. A resolution in writing, signed by all the directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors, shall be as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors duly convened and held.

SECRETARY

58. The secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term and at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.
59. A provision of the Act of these articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, the secretary.

THE SEAL

60. The seal shall be used only by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors in that behalf, and every instrument to which the seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a director and shall be countersigned by the secretary or by a second director or by some other person appointed by the directors for the purpose.

ACCOUNTS

61. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept relating to:
- (a) all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place;
 - (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the company; and
 - (c) the assets and liabilities of the company.

Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

62. The books of account shall be kept at the office or, subject to Section 147 of the Act, at such other place as the directors think fit, and shall at all reasonable times be open to the inspection of the directors.

63. The directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors, and no member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by the company in general meeting.
64. The directors shall from time to time in accordance with Section 148, 150, 157, and 158 of the Act cause to be prepared and to be laid before the annual general meeting of the company such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts and reports as are required by those Sections to be prepared and laid before the annual general meeting of the company.
65. A copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the annual general meeting of the company together with a copy of the directors' report and auditors' report shall, not less than twenty one days before the date of the annual general meeting, be sent to every person entitled under the provisions of the Act to receive them.

AUDIT

66. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with Sections 160 to 163 of the Act.

NOTICES

67. A notice may be given by the company to any member either personally or by sending it by post to him/her to his/her registered address. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected in the case of a notice of a meeting at the expiration of twenty four hours after the letter containing the same is posted and in any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.
68. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to:-
 - (a) every member;
 - (b) every person being a personal representative or the Official Assignee in bankruptcy of a member where the member but for his/her death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting; and
 - (c) the auditor for the time being of the company.

No other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS

Pierre Van Osselar, 1 Riverside Court, Queen's Park, Monkstown, Co Dublin. - Organisation Development Consultant.

Peter Sheridan, 2 Ardilaun Road, Ballybough, Dublin 3 - Community Arts Worker, Playwright.

Grace Perrot, 9 Corrig Ave, Dunlaoghaire, Co Dublin - Arts Administrator.

Colum Breslin, 17 Parnell Street, Waterford - Community Arts Worker.

Patricia Harrington, Roseleigh, Woolhara Park, Douglas Road, Cork - Arts Administrator.

Sandy Fitzgerald, 49 Crampton Buildings, Dublin 2 - Administrator.

Annie Kilmartin, 156 Rialto Cottages, Dublin 8 - Community Worker.

Dated the 1st day of November 1986

Witness to the above signatures:

Name: JAMES HICKEY

Address: 20 Fitzwilliam Square
Dublin 2

SOLICITOR